

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards
Ministry of Housing and Social Development

### **DECISION**

**Dispute Codes**: MNR MNSD OPR FF

### **Introduction**

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession due to unpaid rent, a monetary order to recover rental arrears and inclusive of recovery of the filing fee associated with this application, and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the monetary claim. Despite having been served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on and by November 18, 2008, the tenant did not participate in the conference call hearing.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the notice to end tenancy valid?

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to the monetary amounts claimed?

## **Background and Evidence**

The tenancy began on October 1, 2007. Rent in the amount of \$1100 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the landlord collected a security deposit from the tenant in the amount of \$550. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month of November 2008 and on November 3, 2008 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant remains in the rental unit to this date and further failed to pay rent for December 2008 as well as unpaid utilities in the amount of \$128.66.

<u>Analysis</u>

Based on the landlord's testimony I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end

tenancy for non-payment of rent and I find the notice to be valid. The tenant has not

paid the outstanding rent for November and December 2008 and the utilities associated

with the rental unit and have not applied for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and

are therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the

effective date of the notice.

Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$2200 in

unpaid rent and \$128.66 in utilities. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the

\$50.00 filing fee for a total of \$2378.66.

Conclusion

I grant an order of possession to the landlord. The tenant must be served with this

order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be

filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

I order that the landlord retain the deposit and interest of \$559.70 in partial satisfaction

of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of

\$1818.96. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order

of that Court.

Dated: December 2, 2008