

Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards
Ministry of Housing and Social Development

DECISION

Dispute Codes:

OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession due to unpaid rent, a monetary order to recover rental arrears and inclusive of recovery of the filing fee associated with this application, and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the monetary claim. Both the landlord and the tenant were represented in today's hearing

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the notice to end tenancy valid?

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to the monetary amounts claimed?

Background and Evidence

The undisputed facts before me, as concurred by both parties are as follows. The tenancy began on November 1, 2008. Rent in the amount of \$800 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the landlord collected a security deposit from the tenant in the amount of \$400. The tenant failed to pay rent in the months of December 2008 and January 2009, and on January 03, 2009 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month of February 2009.

Analysis

Based on the tenant's and landlord's testimony I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent and I find the notice to be valid.

The tenant has not paid the outstanding rent and has not applied for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice.

Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$2475 in unpaid rent and late fees. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50 filing fee for a total claim of **\$2525**.

Conclusion

I grant an order of possession to the landlord. The tenant states that they will vacate the rental unit as soon as possible. The landlord has requested a 2 Day Order of Possession. If utilized by the landlord, the tenant must be served with this order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

I order that the landlord retain the security deposit and interest of \$401 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of **\$2124**. If necessary, this order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Dated February 03, 2009