

## **Dispute Resolution Services**

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing and Social Development

### DECISION

#### **Dispute Codes**

OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the Act, and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession and a monetary order due to unpaid rent.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on August 18, 2009 the landlord served the tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail. Section 90 of the Residential Tenancy Act determines that a document is deemed to have been served on the fifth day after it was sent.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenant has been served with the Dispute Resolution Direct Request Proceeding documents.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent; to a monetary Order for unpaid rent; to keep all or part of the security deposit; and to recover the filing fee from the tenant for the cost of the Application for Dispute Resolution, pursuant to sections 38, 46, 55, 67, and 72 of the *Residential Tenancy Act (Act)*.

#### Background and Evidence



## **Dispute Resolution Services**

Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing and Social Development

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on April 26, 2008 for a tenancy beginning May 1, 2008 for the monthly rent of \$1159.00 due on 1st of the month and a security deposit of \$579.50 was paid on May 1, 2008; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on, August 2, 2009 with an effective vacancy date of August 15, 2009 due to \$1502.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant had failed to pay the rent owed for the months of July 2009 & August, 2009 totalling \$1502.00 and that the tenant was served a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was posted on the door of the tenant's rental unit on August 2, 2009 and therefore is deemed served three days later.

The Notice states that the tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days.

### <u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord. The notice is deemed to have been received by the tenant on August 5, 2009 and the effective date of the notice is amended to August 15, 2009 pursuant to section 53 of the *Act*. I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full with in the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.



# **Dispute Resolution Services**

Page: 3

Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing and Social Development

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

#### **Conclusion**

I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two days after service on the tenant**. This order must be served on the tenant and may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

I further ordered that the respondent bear the \$ 50.00 cost of the filing fee paid for this hearing, the landlord may therefore retain the \$50.00 of the security deposit.

I dismissed with leave to reapply, the claim for outstanding rent and late fees and the request to retain the remainder of the security deposit, because the landlord has not supplied sufficient evidence to show what rent is outstanding and for what months, and late fees cannot be claimed on a direct request application.

On the application the landlord is claiming \$301.00 for July and \$1201.00 for August and \$25.00 for late payment; however the tenancy agreement states that the amount of rent payable per month is \$1159.00, this does not match any of the amounts claimed by the landlord and the landlord has not supplied any evidence to show why the amounts differ.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 24, 2009.

Dispute Resolution Officer