

# Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards  
Ministry of Housing and Social Development

## **DECISION AND REASONS**

**Dispute Codes:** OPR, MNR, FF

### **Introduction**

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent, and the filing fee. At the start of the hearing the landlord requested me to amend his application to include an application to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of his monetary claim.

The notice of hearing dated June 26, 2009 was served on the tenant by posting it on his door. Despite having been served the notice of hearing, the tenant did not attend the hearing. The landlord attended the hearing and was given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

### **Issues to be decided**

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order to recover unpaid rent, the filing fee and to retain the security deposit?

### **Background and Evidence**

The tenancy started on March 01, 2009 for a fixed term ending August 31, 2009. The monthly rent was \$850.00 due in advance on the first of each month. The tenant paid a security deposit of \$425.00.

The tenant paid partial rent for June and July and on July 03, 2009, the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. The tenant owes the landlord \$830.00 in rental arrears plus rent for August in the amount of \$850.00. The landlord is applying for a monetary order in the amount of \$1730.00 which consists of rental arrears for June and July (\$830.00), rent for August (\$850.00) and the filing fee (\$50.00). The landlord is also applying for an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant.

### **Analysis**

Based on the undisputed sworn testimony of the landlord, I accept the landlord's evidence in respect of the claim. The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on July 03, 2009 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the tenant has been deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the Notice. Pursuant to section 55(2) I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for enforcement.

I find that the landlord is entitled to \$1680.00 for unpaid rent. Since the landlord has proven his case, he is also entitled to the recovery of the filing fee of \$50.00. I order that the landlord retain the security deposit of \$425.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* for the balance due of \$1305.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

### **Conclusion**

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order in the amount of **\$1305.00**

Dated August 11, 2009.

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Dispute Resolution Officer