

Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards Ministry of Housing and Social Development

DECISION AND REASONS

Dispute Codes: OPR, MNR, MNDC FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and a monetary order for unpaid rent and the filing fee. At the start of the hearing, the landlord advised me that he was only seeking an order of possession and requested that his application be amended accordingly.

The notice of hearing dated July 29, 2009 was served on the tenant by posting it on the front door. The landlord provided a witness statement as proof of service. Despite having been served the notice of hearing, the tenant did not attend the hearing. The landlord attended the hearing and was given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

Issues to be decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Background and Evidence

The landlord testified that the tenancy started on March 13, 2009. The monthly rent is \$900.00 due in advance on the first of each month. The tenant failed to pay rent for July and on July 22, 2009 the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. The landlord has applied for an order of possession effective two days after serving it on the tenant.

<u>Analysis</u>

Based on the undisputed sworn testimony of the landlord, I accept the landlord's evidence in respect of the claim. The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on July 22, 2009 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the tenant has been deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy, on the date set out in the Notice. Pursuant to section 55(2), I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for enforcement.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant.

Dated September 16, 2009.

Dispute Resolution Officer