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DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR

Introduction

This hearing proceeded by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the Act, and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent.

The Landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on November 6, 2009 the Landlord served each Tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by posting the notices on the Tenant's door. The Tenants are deemed to be served the hearing documents on November 9, 2009, the third day after they were posted to the door pursuant to section 90 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*. Based on the written submissions of the Landlord, I find that the Tenants have been served with the Dispute Resolution Direct Request Proceeding documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession pursuant to section 55 of the *Residential Tenancy Act (Act)*.

Background and Evidence

The Landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for each Tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by all parties June 17, 2008 for a month to month tenancy beginning June 1, 2008, for the monthly rent of \$600.00 due on 1st of the month; and

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A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on,

September 24, 2009 with an effective vacancy date of October 9, 2009 due to

\$350.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the Landlord indicates that the Tenants were served a

10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent when it was left with an Adult appearing

to reside with the Tenants, at the rental unit, on September 24, 2009 at 11:24 a.m.

<u>Analysis</u>

Order of Possession - I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the

Tenants have been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the Landlord. The

notice is deemed to have been received by the Tenants on September 24, 2009, and

the effective date of the notice is October 4, 2009 pursuant to section 90 of the Act. I

accept the evidence before me that the Tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full

with in the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenants are conclusively presumed under section

46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the

Notice.

Conclusion

I HEREBY FIND that the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession effective two

days after service on the Tenants. This order must be served on the Respondent

Tenants and may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: November 13, 2009.