DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR MNR MNSD FF

Introduction

This hearing proceeded by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 74(2)(b) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the Act).

Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the Landlords are entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent; to a Monetary Order for unpaid rent; to apply the security deposit in partial satisfaction of their monetary award; and to recover the filing fee from the Tenant for the cost of the Application for Dispute Resolution, pursuant to Sections 38, 55, 67, and 72 of the Act. I have reviewed all documentary evidence submitted by the Landlords.

Background and Evidence

The Landlords submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement dated November 25, 2008. The
 tenancy agreement indicates a monthly rent of \$850.00 due on the first day of
 each month. The tenancy commenced on December 1, 2009. The Tenant paid
 a security deposit in the amount of \$425.00 and a pet deposit in the amount of
 \$425.00 on November 24, 1008.
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on January 3, 2010, with an effective vacancy date January 13, 2010 for \$850.00 in unpaid rent for the month of January, 2010.
- A Proof of Service document signed by a witness to the service of the 10 Day
 Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities upon the Tenant;

- A copy of the Landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution, filed January 15, 2010; and
- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding upon the Tenant.

The Landlords submitted a signed Proof of Service document which declares that on January 19, 2010, at 1:27 p.m., the Landlord AD personally served the Tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding at the rental unit. The Proof of Service document was signed by the Tenant.

The Landlords submitted a signed Proof of Service document which declares that on January 3, 2010, at 4:59 p.m., the Landlord AD served the Tenant with the Notice to End Tenancy by posting on the Tenant's door at the rental unit. A Witness signed the Proof of Service document.

<u>Analysis</u>

Sections 88 and 89 of the Act determine the method of service for documents. The Landlords have applied for a Monetary Order which requires that the Landlords serve the Tenant as set out under Section 89(1). I am satisfied that the Landlord AD served the Tenant in accordance with the provisions of Section 89(1)(a) of the Act. Service in this manner is deemed to be effected on the day it is personally served. In this case, the date of service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding documents is January 19, 2010.

Documentary evidence filed by the Landlords indicates that the Landlord AD served the Tenant with the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent at her residence by posting the Notice on her door on January 3, 2010. Service in this manner is deemed to be effected 3 days after posting the document. Therefore, the effective date of service of the Notice to End Tenancy is January 6, 2010. The Tenant did not pay the rental arrears, or apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days of being deemed

served with the Notice. The Notice states that the Tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. In this case, the effective end of Tenancy is January 16, 2010.

Based on the written submissions of the Landlords, I find that the Tenant has been duly served with the Dispute Resolution Direct Request Proceeding documents for the purposes of an application under Section 55 for an Order of Possession and Section 67 for a Monetary Order.

Order of Possession - Further to Section 46(5) of the Act, I find that the Tenant was conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on January 16, 2010, 10 days after service was affected. The Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and I make that Order.

Monetary Order – I allow the Landlords' monetary claim in the amount of \$850.00. Pursuant to Section 72(2)(b) of the Act, the Landlord may apply the security and pet deposits together with accrued interest towards partial satisfaction of their monetary claim. The Landlords have been successful in their application and are entitled to recover the cost of the filing fee from the Tenant.

The Landlords have established a Monetary Order, as follows:

Unpaid Rent for January, 2010	\$850.00
Filing fee	<u>\$50.00</u>
Subtotal	\$900.00
Less set-off of security and pet deposits and accrued interest	-\$851.32
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE LANDLORDS	\$48.68

Conclusion

I HEREBY FIND that the Landlords are entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two** days after service on the Tenant. This Order must be served on the Tenant and may

be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

I HEREBY FIND that the Landlords are entitled to a Monetary Order in the amount of \$48.68 against the Tenant. This Order must be served on the Tenant and may be filed in the Provincial Court of British Columbia (Small Claims) and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.