

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing and Social Development

DECISION

Dispute Codes

OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on January 29, 2010 at 3 p.m. the landlord served each tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding via personal delivery at the rental unit address. Section 90 of the Act determines that a document is deemed to have been served on the day of personal delivery.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenants have been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent?

May the landlord retain the deposit paid?

Is the landlord entitled to filing fee costs?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

• A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for each tenant;

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on April 9, 2008, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,000.00 due on the first day of the month and that a deposit of \$500.00 was paid on April 10, 2008; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on January 8, 2010 with a stated effective vacancy date of Janaury 18, 2010, for \$1,150.00 in unpaid rent due January 1, 2010.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant's have failed to pay rent owed and was served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by posting to the door of the rental unit on January 8, 2010 at 4:45 p.m. The Act deems the tenants were served on January 11, 2010.

The Notice states that the tenants had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant's did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

The Application indicates the tenants failed to pay \$150.00 rent in December 2009, and January 2010, rent in the sum of \$1,000.00.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenants have been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord.

The notice is deemed to have been received by the tenants on January 11, 2010.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full with in the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Section 53(2) of the Act provides:

If the effective date stated in the notice is earlier than the earliest date permitted under the applicable section, the effective date is deemed to be the earliest date that complies with the section.

Therefore, the effective date of the Notice is changed to January 21, 2010.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice; January 21, 2010.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of possession, a monetary Order for unpaid rent, and the application fee cost.

I find that the landlord is entitled to retain the deposit plus interest, held in trust.

Conclusion

I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two days after service** on the tenants and the Order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

I find that the landlord is entitled to monetary compensation pursuant section 67 in the amount of **\$1,200.00** comprised of \$1,150.00 rent owed and the \$50.00 fee paid for this application.

I order that the landlord may retain the deposit and interest held of \$505.57 in partial satisfaction of the claim and grant an Order for the balance due of **\$694.43**. This Order must be served on the tenants and may be filed in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: February 11, 2010.

Dispute Resolution Officer