

## **DECISION**

### **Dispute Codes – OPR**

#### **Introduction**

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act (Act)*, and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an order of possession.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on July 16, 2010 at 5:15 the landlord served the tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by posting it on the door of the rental unit.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenant has been served with the Dispute Resolution Direct Request Proceeding documents.

#### **Issue(s) to be Decided**

The issues to be decided are whether the landlord is entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent;, pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*.

#### **Background and Evidence**

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on August 4, 2009 for a 1 year fixed term tenancy beginning on August 4, 2009 for the monthly rent of \$1,200.00 due on the 1<sup>st</sup> of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent that was issued on July 2, 2010 with an effective vacancy date of July 12, 2010 due to \$1,200.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant failed to pay the full rent owed for the month of July 2010 and that the tenant was served a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent on July 2, 2010 at 6:40 p.m. The landlord has submitted written documentation confirming this service was witness.

The Notice states that the tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days.

#### **Analysis**

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord. The notice is deemed to have

been received by the tenant on July 2, 2010 and the effective date of the notice is July 12, 2010. I accept the evidence before me that the tenant failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

### Conclusion

I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two days after service on the tenant**. This order must be served on the tenant and may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: July 26, 2010.

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Dispute Resolution Officer