

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing and Social Development

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, FF, O

Introduction

This hearing was convened by way of conference call to deal with the landlord's application for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent or utilities, for a monetary order for unpaid rent or utilities and to recover the filing fee from the tenant for the cost of this application.

Despite being served with the Landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution and notice of hearing documents by registered mail on June 11, 2010, the tenant did not attend the conference call hearing.

The landlord attended the hearing and gave affirmed testimony.

Issues(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent or utilities? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent or utilities?

Background and Evidence

This month-to-month tenancy began on December 1, 2009. Rent in the amount of \$625.00is payable in advance on the 1st day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the tenant was required to pay a security deposit in the amount of \$312.50, being one half of one month's rent, but it was never paid. The landlord stated that he had agreed to allow the tenant to pay \$156.25 on December 31, 2009 and the other half on January 31, 2010 because the tenant had little money.

The tenant failed to pay rent for the months of May and June, 2010 and on June 4, 2010 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month of July, 2010.

<u>Analysis</u>

Based on the landlord's testimony I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant has not paid the outstanding rent and has not applied for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$1,800.00 in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee.

Conclusion

Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

I also grant the landlord a monetary order under section 67 for the balance due of \$1,850.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 4, 2010.

Dispute Resolution Officer