DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, and a monetary order. Both parties participated in the conference call hearing. The landlord presented evidence that the tenant was served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by personal service on February 22, 2011. I found that the tenant had been properly served with notice of the landlord's claim and the date and time of the hearing and the hearing proceeded.

<u>Issues to be Decided</u>

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about May 1, 1997. Rent in the amount of \$559.27 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. . The tenant failed to pay rent in the months of November and December 2010 and on January 3, 2011 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the months of January – March 2011.

Analysis

I accept the landlord's and I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession.

Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme

Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$2,796.35

in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I grant

the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$2,846.35. This order

may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an

order of that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$2,846.35.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 03, 2011.

Residential Tenancy Branch