

Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, FF

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, and monetary order for unpaid rent. The landlord participated in the conference call hearing but the tenant did not. The landlord presented evidence that the tenant was served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on March 14, 2011. I found that the tenant had been properly served with notice of the landlord's claim and the date and time of the hearing and the hearing proceeded in their absence. The landlord gave affirmed evidence.

<u>Issues to be Decided</u>

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about September 1, 2010. Rent in the amount of \$770.00 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy the landlord collected from the tenant a security deposit in the amount of \$385.00. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month of March and on March 2, 2011 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. At the outset of the hearing the landlord gave evidence that the tenant paid the outstanding balance of unpaid rent on March 24, 2011 for use and occupancy only.

<u>Analysis</u>

I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony and I find that the tenant was served with a

notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding

rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to

dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the

tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that

the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the

order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be

filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for the \$50.00

filing fee. I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$50.00.

This order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and

enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$50.00.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: April 01, 2011.

Residential Tenancy Branch