

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch
Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNDC, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession for unpaid rent, a monetary order for unpaid rent, money owed or compensation for damage or loss, to keep all or part of the security deposit and recovery of the filing fee. The landlord participated in the conference call hearing but the tenants did not. The landlord presented evidence that the tenants were served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail. I found that the tenants had been properly served with notice of the landlord's claim and the date and time of the hearing and the hearing proceeded in their absence.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to any of the above under the Act.

Summary of Background and Evidence

This tenancy began October 17, 2010 with monthly rent of \$825.00, the tenants paid a security deposit of \$412.50. On March 8, 2011 the landlord served the tenants with a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent.

The landlord testified that the tenant currently owe the landlord \$1695.00 in unpaid rent and late fees for March 2011 and April 2011. The landlord stated that they had completed a suite inspection on March 22, 2011 and at that time verified that the tenants had removed most of their belongings and left one set of keys on the counter. The landlord stated that the tenants have not responded to any correspondence or phone calls from the landlord.

As the landlord is not certain that the tenants have vacated the rental unit, the landlord will move forward with the application for an order of possession. The landlord is seeking a monetary order in the amount of \$1695.00 for unpaid rent and late fees.

Page: 2

<u>Analysis</u>

Based on the documentary evidence and testimony I find that the tenants were properly served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenants did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$1695 in unpaid rent and late fees.

The landlord is entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee.

Conclusion

I hereby grant the landlord an **Order of Possession**, effective **1 day** after service of the Order upon the tenants. This Order must be served on the tenants and may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an Order of that Court.

I find that the landlord has established a monetary claim for \$1695.00 in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I order the landlord pursuant to s. 38(4) of the Act to keep the tenant's \$412.50 security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord a monetary order under section 67 for the balance due of **\$1332.50** (\$1695.00+\$50.00=\$1745.00-\$412.50=\$1332.50)

A monetary order in the amount of **\$1332.50** has been issued to the landlord and a copy of it must be served on the tenant. If the amount is not paid by the tenant, the Order may be filed in the Provincial (Small Claims) Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: April 6, 2010	
	Residential Tenancy Branch