

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General

#### **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> O

### <u>Introduction</u>

This conference call hearing was convened in response to the landlord's application for an Order of Possession effective April 16<sup>th</sup>, 2011.

The landlord participated in the hearing and provided affirmed testimony. He testified that he served the Notice of a Dispute Resolution Hearing to the tenants by way of registered mail sent on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2011. The landlord testified that the tenants wrote him a letter dated April 5<sup>th</sup>, 2011, wherein they acknowledged receipt of the notice of dispute resolution, and stated that they would be out of the rental unit by 1 p.m. on Monday, April 18<sup>th</sup>, 2011. The tenants did not participate and the hearing proceeded in the tenant's absence.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession?

## Background and Evidence

The rental unit consists of the lower unit of a duplex. In his documentary evidence, the landlord provided a copy of a signed tenancy agreement, indicating in part that the fixed term tenancy started on July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010, ended March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2011, and that the rent was \$550.00 payable on the first of each month.

Page: 2

The landlord testified that he has not been successful in contacting the tenants to

confirm whether they had moved as stated in their letter. The landlord requested an

order of possession in the unlikelihood that the tenants did not move out.

<u>Analysis</u>

I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony that he served the tenants with the Notice

of Dispute Resolution in a proper manner pursuant to section 89 of the Residential

Tenancy Act. I find that the tenants knew, or ought to have had knowledge of the date

scheduled for this hearing.

Based on the available evidence, I am satisfied that the text of the agreement clearly

states that the tenancy ended March 31st, 2011, and that it was signed by both the

landlord and the tenants. Accordingly the landlord is entitled to an order of possession

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an Order of Possession effective two days from the date the order is

served upon the tenant.

If necessary, This Order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and

enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: April 19, 2011.

Residential Tenancy Branch