

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General

DECISION

Dispute Codes: OPR, MNR, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent, and the filing fee. Both parties attended the hearing and were given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

<u>Issues to be decided</u>

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order to recover unpaid rent, and the filing fee?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy started on February 01, 2011. The monthly rent is \$900.00 due in advance on the first of each month and does not include utilities. The tenant did not pay a security deposit. The landlord stated that the tenant failed to pay rent for March 2011and utilities in the amount of \$112.70. On March 10, 2011, the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. The tenant agreed that she owed a total of \$1,800.00 in unpaid rent for March and April 2011 plus \$112.70 for utilities.

The landlord is applying for an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order in the amount of \$1,800.00 for unpaid rent, \$112.70 for utilities and \$50.00 for the filing fee.

Analysis

Based on the sworn testimony of the both parties, I accept the landlord's evidence in respect of the claim.

Page: 2

The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on March 10, 2011 and

did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant

make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential

tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the Residential Tenancy Act provides that the tenant has been

deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the Notice.

Pursuant to section 55(2) I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days

after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for

enforcement.

I also find that the landlord is entitled to \$1,962.70 for unpaid rent, utilities and the filing

fee. I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the Residential Tenancy Act for

this amount. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an

order of that Court.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant

and a monetary order for \$1,962.70.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: April 12, 2011.

Residential Tenancy Branch