



Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch
Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession and a monetary order. Despite having been served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on March 28, the tenant did not participate in the conference call hearing.

Issues to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

Background and Evidence

The landlord's undisputed testimony is as follows. The tenant is obligated to pay \$1,000.00 in rent in advance on the first day of each month. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month of March and on March 4 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy by handing it to her daughter and witnessing the daughter hand it to her mother. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month of April.

Analysis

I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony and I find that the tenant failed to pay rent in the month of March and was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. I find that the tenant did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the tenant failed to pay rent in the month of March and April and I find that the landlord is entitled to recover these rental arrears and loss of income. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I grant the

landlord an order under section 67 for \$2,050.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$2,050.00.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: April 11, 2011

Residential Tenancy Branch