

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes: OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent, and the filing fee. The landlord also applied to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of his monetary claim.

The notice of hearing was served on the tenant in person. Despite having been served the notice of hearing, the tenant did not attend the hearing. The landlord attended the hearing and was given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

Issues to be decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order to recover unpaid rent, the filing fee and to retain the security deposit?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy started on May 01, 2010. The monthly rent is \$750.00 due in advance on the first of each month. The tenant paid a security deposit of \$375.00.

The tenant failed to pay full rent for December 2010, January and February 2011. As of March 05, 2011 the tenant owed \$1,550.00 and the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. The tenant did not pay rent and continues to occupy the rental unit. The landlord is applying for an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order in the amount of \$\$3,800.00 which consists of unpaid rent for the period of December 2010 to June 2011.

Analysis

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Based on the undisputed sworn testimony of the landlord, I accept the landlord's

evidence in respect of the claim. The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for

unpaid rent, on March 05, 2011 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the

notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set

aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the Residential Tenancy Act provides that the tenant has been

deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the Notice.

Pursuant to section 55(2) I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days

after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for

enforcement.

I find that the landlord is entitled to \$3,800.00 for unpaid rent. Since the landlord has

proven his case, he is also entitled to the recovery of the filing fee of \$50.00. I order

that the landlord retain the security deposit of \$375.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim

and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the Residential Tenancy Act for the

balance due of \$3,475.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and

enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant

and a monetary order in the amount of \$3,475.00.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: June 07, 2011.

Residential Tenancy Branch