

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

### <u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and to recover the filing fee for the Application.

The Landlord appeared, gave affirmed testimony and was provided the opportunity to present evidence orally and in written and documentary form, and to make submissions to me.

The Tenants did not appear at this hearing, which was held by teleconference. The Landlord testified that he personally served the Tenants with the Application for Dispute Resolution and Notice of Hearing on July 5, 2011. I find the Tenants have been duly served in accordance with the Act.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

Have the Tenants breached the Act or tenancy agreement, entitling the Landlord to an Order of Possession and monetary relief?

#### Background and Evidence

Based on the affirmed testimony of the Landlord, I find that the Tenants were personally served with a Notice to End Tenancy for non-payment of rent on April 16, 2011. The Notice informed the Tenants that the Notice would be cancelled if the rent was paid within five days. The Notice also explains the Tenants had five days to dispute the Notice.

#### Analysis

Based on the above, the testimony and evidence, and on a balance of probabilities, I find as follows:

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The Tenants have not paid the outstanding rent and did not apply to dispute the Notice and are therefore conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice, indicated as April 26, 2011.

I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective **two days** after service on the Tenants. This order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

I find that the Landlord has established a total monetary claim of \$4,350.00, comprised of \$4,300.00 in unpaid rents for April, May, June and July of 2011, and the \$50.00 fee paid by the Landlord for this application.

I allow the Landlord to amend his Application to include a claim against the security deposit for unpaid rents.

I order that the Landlord retain the deposit of \$600.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the Landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of **\$3,750.00**.

This order may be filed in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and enforced as an order of that Court.

### Conclusion

The Tenants failed to pay rent and did not file to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy. The Tenants are presumed under the law to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice to End Tenancy. The Landlord is granted an Order of Possession, may keep the security deposit and interest in partial satisfaction of the claim and is granted a monetary order for the balance due.

This decision is final and binding on the parties, except as otherwise provided for under the Act, and is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: July 28, 2011.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch