DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNR, FF

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. Both parties participated in the conference call hearing. Both parties gave affirmed evidence.

<u>Issues to be Decided</u>

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about October 9, 1995. Rent in the amount of \$313.89 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month(s) of July and on July 3, 2011 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month(s) of August. The tenant's agent advised that the tenant has already moved but the landlord is still requesting an order of possession as he has never been formally advised that the tenant moved. The tenant's agent provided late documentary evidence, however I did take it into consideration. It was neither helpful nor relevant. The tenant's agent was unable to provide evidence that disputed the landlord's testimony or documentary evidence.

Analysis

I accept the landlord's testimony and I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$627.78 in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$677.78. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$677.78.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residentia	al
Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.	

Dated: August 15, 2011.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch