



# Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes      OPR, MNR, MNSD, MNDC, FF

### Introduction

This hearing dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an order of possession and a monetary order.

The hearing was conducted via teleconference and was attended by the landlord's agent, the tenant and his roommate.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the landlord is entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent; to a monetary order for unpaid rent; for all or part of the security deposit and to recover the filing fee from the tenant for the cost of the Application for Dispute Resolution, pursuant to Sections 38, 46, 55, 67, and 72 of the *Residential Tenancy Act (Act)*.

### Background and Evidence

The landlord testified the tenancy is on a month to month basis beginning on April 15, 2011 for the monthly rent of \$775.00 due on the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month and a security deposit of \$412.50 was paid.

The landlord submitted into evidence a copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent that was issued on June 13, 2011 with an effective vacancy date of June 23, 2011 due to \$1110.00 in unpaid rent.

Testimony provided by the landlord's agent indicates the tenant failed to pay the full rent owed for the months of May, June, July, and August 2011 and that the tenant was served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent personally on June 13, 2011.

The Notice states the tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant did not pay the rent in full or apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days.

The tenant testified that his roommate at the time had been incarcerated and was not able to provide his portion of the rent. The parties both acknowledge the Ministry of Social Development has been providing payment of a portion of the tenant's rent each

month and that the tenant himself provided the landlord with an additional payment of \$400.00 in cash. The parties agree the tenant has \$1,003.00 in rental arrears.

### Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord. The notice was received by the tenant on June 13, 2011 and the effective date of the notice was June 23, 2011. I accept the evidence before me that the tenant failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under Section 46(4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find the tenant is conclusively presumed under Section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

### Conclusion

I find the landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective **two days after service on the tenant**. This order must be served on the tenant. If the tenant fails to comply with this order the landlord may file the order with the Supreme Court of British Columbia and be enforced as an order of that Court.

I find the landlord is entitled to monetary compensation pursuant to Section 67 in the amount of **\$1,053.00** comprised of \$1,003.00 rent owed and the \$50.00 fee paid by the landlord for this application.

I order the landlord may deduct the security deposit and interest held in the amount of \$412.50 in partial satisfaction of this claim. I grant a monetary order in the amount of **\$640.50**. This order must be served on the tenant. If the tenant fails to comply with this order the landlord may file the order in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and be enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: August 17, 2011

---

Residential Tenancy Branch