



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

**Dispute Codes:** OPR, MNR, FF

### **Introduction**

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent, and the filing fee. Both parties attended the hearing and were given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

### **Issues to be decided**

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order to recover unpaid rent, and the filing fee?

### **Background and Evidence**

The tenancy started on February 01, 2011. The monthly rent is \$850.00 due in advance on the first of each month. The landlord stated that the tenant owed \$560.00 from June and also failed to pay rent for July and August 2011. On June 28, 2011, the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. The tenant paid \$575.00 in July which left a balance of \$835.00. The tenant is currently still in occupation of the rental unit and has not paid rent for August. The tenant agreed that she owed a total of \$1,685.00 in unpaid rent.

The landlord is applying for an order of possession effective immediately and for a monetary order in the amount of \$1,685.00 for unpaid rent plus \$50.00 for the filing fee.

### **Analysis**

Based on the sworn testimony of the both parties, I accept the landlord's evidence in respect of the claim.

The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on June 28, 2011 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the tenant has been deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the Notice. Pursuant to section 55(2) I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for enforcement.

I also find that the landlord is entitled to \$1,685.00 for unpaid rent. Since the landlord has proven her case, she is also entitled to the filing fee. I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* for the total of 1,735.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

### **Conclusion**

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order for **\$1,735.00**.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 05, 2011.

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Residential Tenancy Branch