



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes      OPR, MNR

### Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession.

The landlord submitted signed Proofs of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding; they declared that on October 13, 2011, the landlord separately served each tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by personally serving each tenant.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenants have been duly served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession?

### Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following documents:

- Copies of the Proofs of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on January 25, 2011, providing for a monthly rent of \$850.00 due on the first day of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on October 5, 2011 with a stated effective vacancy date of October 15, 2011, for \$250.00 in unpaid rent.

Documents filed by the landlord established that the tenants failed to pay all rent owed and were served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by personally serving it upon one of the tenants at the rental unit door, on October 5, 2011.

The Notice states that the tenants had five days to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end from the service date. The tenants did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

### Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenants have been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice. Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of possession.

### Conclusion

I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two days after service** on the tenants and this Order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 25, 2011.

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Residential Tenancy Branch