

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes:

MNSD, OLC, FF

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the tenant, pursuant to section 38 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*, for a monetary order for the return of double the security deposit and for the recovery of the filing fee. The tenant also applied for an order to direct the landlord to comply with the *Act*.

Both parties attended the hearing and were given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

Issues to be Decided

Is the tenant entitled to the return of double the security deposit and the filing fee?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy started On September 01, 2011 and prior to moving in, the tenant paid a security deposit of \$450.00. Rent was \$925.00 payable on the first of the month. The tenancy ended on September 29, 2011. The landlord stated that the tenant did not provide a forwarding address in writing and the tenant did not provide evidence of having done so.

The tenant's claim and reasons for ending the tenancy were discussed at length. During the hearing, the parties engaged in a conversation, turned their minds to compromise and achieved a resolution of their dispute.

Page: 2

<u>Analysis</u>

Pursuant to Section 63 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*, the dispute resolution officer

may assist the parties settle their dispute and if the parties settle their dispute during the

dispute resolution proceedings, the settlement may be recorded in the form of a

decision or an order.

During this hearing, the parties reached an agreement to settle these matters, on the

following conditions:

1. The tenant agreed to withdraw his claim for double the security deposit under

section 38.

2. The tenant agreed to allow the landlord to keep the security deposit in full

settlement of his claims against the landlord

3. The landlord agreed to keep the security deposit in full and final settlement of his

claim against the tenant for the loss of income due to inadequate notice to end

the tenancy.

4. Both parties stated that they understood and agreed that the above particulars

comprise full and final settlement of all aspects of the dispute for both parties.

Conclusion

Pursuant to the above agreement, the landlord may retain the security deposit. The

tenant's application for the return of double the security deposit is dismissed. As this

dispute was resolved by mutual agreement and not based on the merits of the case, I

decline the tenant's request to recover the filing fee paid for this application

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: January 13, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch