



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord for an order of possession and a monetary order for unpaid rent.

The Landlord submitted Proofs of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on January 19, 2012 the Landlord personally served each of the Tenants with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding at the rental unit.

Section 90 of the Act determines that a document served in this manner is deemed to have been served the same day.

Based on the written submissions of the Landlord, I find that the Tenants have been duly served with the Direct Request Proceedings documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent and to a monetary order for unpaid rent, pursuant to sections 46, 55 and 67 of the Act.

Background and Evidence

The Landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proofs of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding for the Tenants;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on February 19, 2010, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,000.00 due on the first day of the month; and

- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on January 02, 2012 with a stated effective vacancy date of January 11, 2012, for \$1,050.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the Landlord indicates that the Tenants failed to pay the rent owed and were served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by posting it on the door of the rental unit on January 02, 2012 at 6:00 P.M. The Landlord provided evidence that this was witnessed by a third party. A Notice served in this manner is deemed to have been served by January 05, 2012, which is three days from the date posted.

The Notice states that the Tenants had five days to pay the full amount of the outstanding rent, or apply for Dispute Resolution, or the tenancy would end from the service date. The Tenants did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service. The deadline to do so was January 10, 2012. Although the Landlord indicated that the Tenants had until January 11, 2012 to vacate the premises, the earliest effective date is 10 days from the date of service, thus this is corrected to January 15, 2012 based on the service provisions set out in the Act and the Residential Tenancy Policy Guideline.

The Landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution states that they are seeking \$650.00 in unpaid rent which is a lesser amount than stated on the Notice. The Landlord's Application stated the Tenant paid a portion of the outstanding rent, however, there is a balance owing of \$650.00 for which they are seeking a monetary order.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the Tenants have been served with the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy as declared by the Landlord.

I accept the evidence before me that the Tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in the amount of \$650.00 within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on January 15, 2012, which is 10 days after the effective date of the Notice. Therefore, I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession and a monetary order for unpaid rent.

Conclusion

I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective **two days after service** on the Tenants.

I find that the Landlord is entitled to monetary order pursuant to section 67 in the amount of **\$650.00** comprised of rent owed.

The orders accompany the Landlord's copy of this decision. The orders must be served on the Tenants and may be filed in the Supreme Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 20, 2012.

Residential Tenancy Branch