

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> FF, MNDC, MNR, MNSD, OPR

### Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. The landlord participated in the conference call hearing but the tenant(s) did not. The landlord presented evidence that the tenants were served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on December 16, 2011. I found that the tenants had been properly served with notice of the landlord's claim and the date and time of the hearing and the hearing proceeded in their absence. The landlord gave affirmed evidence.

#### Issues to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

## Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about August 8, 2011. Rent in the amount of \$700.00 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy the landlord collected from the tenant a security deposit in the amount of \$350.00. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month(s) of December and on December 2, 2011 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. The tenant paid the December rent as well as the January 2012 rent in full on December 27, 2011. The landlord testified that it was made very clear to the tenant that the rent received was for "use and occupancy only" up to January 31, 2012 and that the tenancy had not been reinstated.

#### <u>Analysis</u>

I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony and I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order the landlord is entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I order that the landlord retain \$50.00 from the deposit in satisfaction of the claim.

#### Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and is entitled to withhold \$50.00 from the security deposit.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 05, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch