

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> FF, MNR, OPR

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. Both parties participated in the conference call hearing. Both parties gave affirmed evidence.

<u>Issues to be Decided</u>

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about June 2005. Rent in the amount of \$870.00 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy the landlord collected from the tenant a security deposit in the amount of \$435.00. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month(s) of January and on January 16, 2012 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month(s) of February. The landlord advised that the tenant has made a partial payment for January of \$280.00 leaving \$490.00 outstanding plus the entire amount of Februarys' rent.

The tenant did not deny the outstanding amount and acknowledged that he had not met his responsibilities as a tenant and was apologetic for that.

<u>Analysis</u>

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I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony and I find that the tenant was served with a

notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding

rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to

dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the

tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that

the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the

order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be

filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$1360.00

in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I order

that the landlord retain the \$435.00 deposit and the \$15.31 in interest which has

accrued to the date of this judgment in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the

landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$959.69. This order may be

filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an order of

that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$959.69. The

landlord may retain the security deposit.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: February 16, 2012.

Residential Tenancy Branch