

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

Dispute Codes OPR MNR MNSD MNDC FF

## Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. Despite having been served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on February 21, 2012, the tenants did not participate in the conference call hearing.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order?

#### Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on June 18, 2011. Rent in the amount of \$985 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the landlord collected a security deposit from the tenant in the amount of \$492.50. The tenants failed to pay rent in the month of February 2011 and on February 8, 2012 the landlord served the tenants with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenants paid the amount set out on the notice on March 1, 2012, but they did not pay rent for March 2012. The landlord has claimed \$985 for March 2012 rent, \$40 for parking and \$25 for a late payment fee as per the tenancy agreement.

## <u>Analysis</u>

Based on the landlord's testimony I find that the tenants were served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenants did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and has did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice. The tenants are therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

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As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord is entitled to the full amount claimed of \$1050. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50 filing fee for the cost of their application.

# Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days from service. The tenants must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenants fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

The landlord is entitled to \$1100. I order that the landlord retain the security deposit of \$492.50 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$607.50. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 8, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch