

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR OPC MNR MNSD MNDC FF

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. Despite having been personally served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing on February 17, 2012, the tenant did not participate in the conference call hearing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on August 1, 2004. Rent in the amount of \$531 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the landlord collected a security deposit from the tenant in the amount of \$237.50. On January 27, 2012, the landlord served the tenant a one-month notice to end tenancy for cause. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month of February 2012 and on February 2, 2012 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month of March 2012.

Analysis

Based on the landlord's testimony I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for cause and a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant has has not applied for dispute resolution to dispute either notice, and has not paid the outstanding rent. The tenant is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notices. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

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As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$1062 in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50 filing fee for the cost of the application.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days from service. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

The landlord is entitled to \$1,112. I order that the landlord retain the deposit and interest of \$245.91 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$866.09. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 9, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch