

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR MNR MNSD FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord to obtain an Order of Possession for unpaid rent and a Monetary Order for unpaid rent or utilities, to keep all or part of pet and or security deposit, and to recover the cost of the filing fee from the Tenant for this application.

The parties appeared at the teleconference hearing and gave affirmed testimony. During the hearing each party was given the opportunity to provide their evidence orally, respond to each other's testimony, and to provide closing remarks. A summary of the testimony is provided below and includes only that which is relevant to the matters before me.

Issue(s) to be Decided

- 1. Has the Tenant breached the *Residential Tenancy Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement?
- 2. If so, has the Landlord met the burden of proof to obtain an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order as a result of that breach, pursuant to sections 55 and 67 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*?

Background and Evidence

The Landlord affirmed that they entered into a written month to month tenancy agreement that began on January 1, 2012. Rent is payable on the first of each month in the amount of \$950.00 and on or before January 1, 2012, the Tenant paid \$475.00 as the security deposit.

The Landlord confirmed service of the 10 Day Notice, in person to the Tenant on March 16, 2012 as per their evidence where the Tenant signed acknowledging receipt of the Notice.

The Tenant affirmed she has not paid March or April 2012 rent as she was injured and had to wait for a payment from WCB. She is requesting time to catch up on the past rent if she paid May 1, 2012 rent on time.

The Landlord's agents requested to proceed with their application and to regain possession of the unit as soon as possible.

<u>Analysis</u>

I find that in order to justify payment of damages or losses under section 67 of the *Act*, the Applicant Landlord would be required to prove that the other party did not comply with the *Act* and that this non-compliance resulted in costs or losses to the Applicant pursuant to section 7.

Order of Possession - I find that the Landlords have met the requirements for the 10 day notice to end tenancy pursuant to section 46(1) of the *Act*, that the Tenant failed to pay the rent within 5 days after receiving this notice, and that the Tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ends on the effective date of the notice, March 26, 2012 and must vacate the rental unit to which the notice relates pursuant to section 46(5) of the *Act*. Accordingly, I approve the Landlord's request for an Order of Possession.

Claim for unpaid rent - The Landlord claims for unpaid rent of \$950.00 for March 2012. As noted above this tenancy ended March 26, 2012, in accordance with the 10 Day Notice. Pursuant to section 26 of the *Act* a tenant must pay rent when it is due in accordance with the tenancy agreement.

Based on the aforementioned, I find that the Tenant has failed to comply with a standard term of the tenancy agreement which stipulates that rent is due monthly on the first of each month. I find the Landlords have met the burden of proof and I award them a monetary claim of **\$950.00** for March 2012 unpaid rent.

Loss of rent – The Landlord is seeking loss of rent for April 2012 given that the Tenant has failed to pay April 1, 2012 rent and is still occupying the unit. The Landlord will not regain possession of the unit until after service of the Order of Possession and will therefore lose rent for April 2012.

Based on the aforementioned I find that the Landlords have succeeded in proving their loss, as listed above, and I approve their claim for **\$950.00** for loss of April 2012 rent.

The Landlords have succeeded with their application; therefore I award recovery of the **\$50.00** filing fee.

Monetary Order – I find that the Landlords are entitled to a monetary claim and that this claim meets the criteria under section 72(2)(b) of the *Act* to be offset against the Tenant's security deposit plus interest as follows:

Unpaid rent for March 2012	\$ 950.00
Loss of rent for April 2012	950.00
Filing Fee	50.00
SUBTOTAL	\$1,950.00
LESS: Security Deposit \$475.00 + Interest 0.00	-475.00
Offset amount due to the Landlord	<u>\$1,475.00</u>

Conclusion

I HEREBY FIND the Landlords are entitled to an Order of Possession effective **two days after service on the Tenant**. This Order is legally binding and must be served upon the Tenant.

A copy of the Landlords' decision will be accompanied by a Monetary Order for **\$1,475.00**. This Order is legally binding and must be served upon the Tenant.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: April 24, 2012.

Residential Tenancy Branch