

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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# Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes MNSD, OLC

#### Introduction

This hearing dealt with the tenants' Application for Dispute Resolution seeking a monetary order.

The hearing was conducted via teleconference and was attended by the tenants only. The landlord did not attend.

The tenants testified the landlord was served with the notice of hearing documents and this Application for Dispute Resolution, pursuant to Section 59(3) of the *Residential Tenancy Act (Act)* personally on May 18, 2012 in accordance with Section 89.

Based on the testimony of the tenant, I find that the landlord has been sufficiently served with the documents pursuant to the *Act*.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are whether the tenants are entitled to a monetary order for return of double the amount of the security deposit, pursuant to Sections 38, 67, and 72 of the *Act.* 

#### Background and Evidence

The tenants confirmed in their testimony the tenancy began on May 1, 2009 as a month to month tenancy with a monthly rent of \$525.00 due on the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month with a security deposit of \$262.50 paid on April 15, 2009. The tenants provided a copy of a receipt for the payment of the deposit.

The tenants testified that they vacated the rental unit before May 1, 2012; that they provided their forwarding address in writing to the landlord on April 30, 2012 when they returned their keys to the landlord.

#### Analysis

Section 38(1) of the *Act* stipulates that a landlord must, within 15 days of the end of the tenancy and receipt of the tenant's forwarding address, either return the security deposit or file an Application for Dispute Resolution to claim against the security deposit.

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Section 38(6) stipulates that should the landlord fail to comply with Section 38(1) the landlord must pay the tenant double the security deposit.

Based on the undisputed testimony of the tenants I accept the landlord has failed to comply with Section 38(1) and the tenants are entitled to return of double the amount of the deposit paid.

## Conclusion

I find the tenants are entitled to monetary compensation pursuant to Section 67 and grant a monetary order in the amount of **\$525.00** comprised of double the amount of the security deposit.

This order must be served on the landlord. If the landlord fails to comply with this order the tenants may file the order in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and be enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: July 18, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch