

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR MNR MNSD MNDC FF

## <u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim.

The landlord participated in the teleconference hearing, but the tenants did not call into the hearing. On September 27, 2012, the landlord served the tenants with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail. Section 90 of the Act states that a document is deemed to have been served five days after mailing. I find that the tenants are deemed served with notice of the hearing on October 2, 2012.

# Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order?

## **Background and Evidence**

The tenancy began on August 1, 2012. Rent in the amount of \$1650 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. The tenants failed to pay rent in the months of August and September 2012, and on September 10, 2012 the landlord served the tenants with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenants further failed to pay rent in the month of October 2012.

#### <u>Analysis</u>

Based on the landlord's evidence I find that the tenants were served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenants have not paid the outstanding rent and have not applied for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and are therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of

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the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$4950 in unpaid rent. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50 filing fee.

# Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days from service. The tenants must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenants fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$5000. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 29, 2012.	
	Residential Tenancy Branch