



Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes:

OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent, and the filing fee. The landlord also applied to retain the security deposit. Both parties attended the hearing and were given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions.

Issues to be decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order to recover unpaid rent, the filing fee and to retain the security deposit?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy started on July 01, 2012. The monthly rent is \$950.00 due in advance on the last day of each month. Prior to moving in the tenant paid a security deposit of \$475.00.

The landlord stated that the tenant failed to pay rent for October 2012. On October 02, 2012, the landlord served the tenant with a ten day notice to end tenancy. At the time of the hearing, both parties agreed that the tenant owed a total of \$2,450.00 in unpaid rent. The landlord is applying for an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order in the amount of \$2,450.00 for unpaid rent plus \$50.00 for the filing fee.

Analysis

Based on the sworn testimony of the both parties, I accept the landlord's evidence in respect of the claim. The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on October 02, 2012 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy nor did the tenant make application, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the tenant has been deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the Notice. Pursuant to section 55(2) I am issuing a formal order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. The Order may be filed in the Supreme Court for enforcement.

I also find that the landlord is entitled to \$2,450.00.00 for unpaid rent. Since the landlord has proven his case, he is also entitled to the filing fee of \$50.00. I order that the landlord retain the security deposit of \$475.00 and accrued interest of \$0.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* for the balance due of \$2,025.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant and a monetary order for **\$2,025.00**.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: December 13, 2012.

Residential Tenancy Branch