

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNR, MNDC, MNSD, FF

Introduction

This matter dealt with an application by the Landlord for an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order for unpaid rent, for compensation for loss or damage under the Act or tenancy agreement, to recover the filing fee for this proceeding and to keep the Tenant's security deposit in partial payment of those amounts.

The Landlord said he served the Tenant with the Application and Notice of Hearing (the "hearing package") by personal delivery November 29, 2012. Based on the evidence of the Landlord, I find that the Tenant was served with the Landlord's hearing package as required by s. 89 of the Act and the hearing proceeded in the Tenant's absence.

Issues(s) to be Decided

- 1. Does the Landlord have grounds to end the tenancy?
- 2. Are there rent arrears and if so, how much?
- 3. Is the Landlord entitled to compensation for unpaid rent and if so how much?
- 4. Is the Landlord entitled to keep the Tenant's security deposit?

Background and Evidence

This tenancy started on June 15, 2010 as a 1 year fixed term tenancy with an expiry date of June 30, 2011 and then continued on a month to month basis. Rent is \$810.00 per month payable in advance of the 1st day of each month. The Tenant paid a security deposit of \$405.00 on June 15, 2010.

At the start of the conference call the Landlord was questioned why the address on the tenancy agreement did not match the address on the Notice to End Tenancy and the Landlord's application. The Landlord said he made a mistake on the tenancy agreement it should have read unit 208 not unit 108. The Landlord confirmed the Tenant's rental unit was 208 and the Notice to End Tenancy and the application addresses are correct.

The Landlord said that the Tenant did not pay \$1,620.00 of rent when it was due and as a result, on November 14, 2012 he personally delivered a 10 day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities dated November 14, 2012 to the Tenant. The

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Landlord said the building manager J. R. witnessed the service of the Notice to End Tenancy to the Tenant. The Landlord said the Tenant has unpaid rent for January, 2013 of \$810.00 as well.

The Landlord further indicated that the Tenant is living at the rental unit and the Landlord requested an Order of Possession for as soon as possible if he is successful with this application.

The Landlord also requested to recover the \$50.00 filing fee for this proceeding.

<u>Analysis</u>

Section 46(4) of the Act states that **within 5 days of receiving** a Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities, a Tenant must pay the overdue rent or apply for dispute resolution. If the Tenant fails to do either of these things, then under section 46(5) of the Act, they are conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ends on the effective date of the Notice and they must vacate the rental unit at that time.

Under s. 90 of the Act, the Tenant is deemed to have received the Notice to End Tenancy on the day it is personally delivered, or on November 14, 2012. Consequently, the Tenant would have had to pay the amount stated on the Notice or apply to dispute that amount no later than November 19, 2012.

I find that the Tenant has not paid the overdue rent and has not applied for dispute resolution. Consequently, I find pursuant to s. 55(2)(b) of the Act that the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession to take effect 48 hours after service of it on the Tenant.

I also find that the Landlord is entitled to recover unpaid rent for November, 2012 in the amount of \$810.00, December 2012 in the amount of \$810.00 and for January, 2013 in the amount of \$810.

As the Landlord has been successful in this matter, he is also entitled to recover from the Tenant the \$50.00 filing fee for this proceeding. I order the Landlord pursuant to s. 38(4) and s. 72 of the Act to keep the Tenant's security deposit in partial payment of the rent arrears. The Landlord will receive a monetary order for the balance owing as following:

Rent arrears: \$2,430.00 Recover filing fee \$50.00

Subtotal: \$2,480.00

Less: Security Deposit \$405.00

Subtotal: \$ 405.00

Balance Owing \$2,075.00

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Conclusion

An Order of Possession effective 2 days after service of it on the Tenant and a Monetary Order in the amount of \$2,075.00 have been issued to the Landlord. A copy of the Orders must be served on the Tenant: the Order of Possession may be enforced in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and the Monetary Order may be enforced in the Provincial (Small Claims) Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 08, 2013.

Residential Tenancy Branch