



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Wall Financial Corporation
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF, RR

Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order to retain the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. The tenants also filed an application seeking an order for a rent reduction. The landlord participated in the conference call hearing but the tenant(s) did not. The landlord presented evidence that the tenants were served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail on May 29, 2013. I found that the tenants had been properly served with notice of the landlord's claim and the date and time of the hearing and the hearing proceeded in their absence. The landlord gave affirmed evidence.

Issues to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and loss of income?

Are the tenants entitled to a rent reduction?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on or about May 1, 2012. Rent in the amount of \$795.00 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy the landlord collected from the tenant a security deposit in the amount of \$397.50. The tenant failed to pay rent in the month(s) of May and on May 17, 2013 the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy. The tenant further failed to pay rent in the month(s) of

June. The landlord advised that the tenant has also failed to pay late fees as per their tenancy agreement in an accumulated amount of \$50.00.

Analysis

The tenants chose not to participate in this hearing nor submit any evidence. Based on the aforementioned I dismiss the tenant's application in its entirety without leave to reapply.

I accept the landlord's undisputed testimony and I find that the tenant was served with a notice to end tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant did not pay the outstanding rent within 5 days of receiving the notice and did not apply for dispute resolution to dispute the notice and is therefore conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice. Based on the above facts I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession. The tenant must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I find that the landlord has established a claim for \$1640.00 in unpaid rent and late fees as per their tenancy agreement. The landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee. I order that the landlord retain the \$397.50 deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$1292.50. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession and a monetary order for \$1292.50. The landlord may retain the security deposit.

The tenants' application is dismissed in its entirety without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: June 19, 2013

Residential Tenancy Branch

