

Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Town Park Apartments Pacific Cover Island Properties and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlords for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent.

The landlords submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on August 2, 2013, the male landlord handed the tenants the Notices of Direct Request Proceedings. Based on the written submissions of the landlords, I find that the tenants have been duly served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Are the landlords entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlords submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notices of Direct Proceedings served to the tenants;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord(s) and the tenant(s), indicating a monthly rent of \$425.00 due on the 1st day of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) handed to the female tenant on July 19, 2013 with a stated effective vacancy date of July 31, 2013, for \$425.00 in unpaid rent.

Witnessed documentary evidence filed by the landlords indicates that the tenants failed to pay all outstanding rent was served by handing the 10 Day Notice to the female tenant at 9:30 a.m. on July 19, 2013. In accordance with section 88 of the *Act*, the tenants were served with this 10 Day Notice on July 19, 2013.

The Notice states that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenants did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenants have been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlords.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, July 31, 2013.

Therefore, I find that the landlords are entitled to an Order of Possession.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlords effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant(s). Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 06, 2013

Residential Tenancy Branch