

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding CENTURY 21 ACE AGENCIES LTD. and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

# **DECISION**

Dispute Codes OPR MNR

#### Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of direct request proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an application for dispute resolution by the landlord for an order of possession for unpaid rent and a monetary order for unpaid rent.

The landlord submitted a signed proof of service of the notice of direct request proceeding which declares that on February 13, 2014, the landlord served the tenant with the notice of direct request proceeding via registered mail. A copy of the registered mail receipt was submitted in evidence.

Section 90 of the *Act* determines that a document served in this manner is deemed to have been served five days later.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenant has been deemed duly served with the direct request proceeding documents as of February 18, 2014.

#### Issues to be Decided

- Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent?
- Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent?

#### Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

• A copy of the proof of service of the notice of direct proceeding for the tenant;

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- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on June 6, 2011, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,500.00 due on the first day of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 day notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent which was issued on January 21, 2014, with a stated effective vacancy date of January 31, 2014, for \$285.00 in unpaid rent for the portion of January 2014 rent remaining unpaid as indicated in the landlord's application, and due on January 1, 2014.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant had failed to pay the rent owed and was served the 10 day notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent by personal service on the tenant on January 21, 2014 at the rental unit at 5:00 p.m., and that the tenant signed the proof of service document submitted in evidence.

The notice states that the tenant had five days to pay the rent in full or apply for dispute resolution or the tenancy would end 10 days from the service date. The tenant did not apply to dispute the notice to end tenancy within five days from the date of service.

## Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the notice, January 31, 2014. Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent and a monetary order for unpaid rent.

### Conclusion

I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective **two (2) days after service** on the tenant and this order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that court.

I find that the landlord is entitled to monetary compensation pursuant to section 67 in the amount of **\$285.00** comprised of rent owed.

This order must be served on the tenant and may be filed in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and enforced as an order of that court.

This decision is final and binding on the parties, unless otherwise provided under the *Act*, and is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: February 21, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch