

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Capreit and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNR, MNSD, MNDC, FF

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing was convened in response to an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act") for Orders as follows:

- 1. An Order of Possession Section 55:
- 2. A Monetary Order for unpaid rent Section 67;
- 3. An Order to retain the security deposit Section 38; and
- 4. An Order to recover the filing fee for this application Section 72.

I accept the Landlord's evidence that Tenant JC was served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing in person on April 3, 2014 in accordance with Section 89 of the Act. Tenant RC was not served. Neither Tenant participated in the conference call hearing. The Landlord was given full opportunity to be heard, to present evidence and to make submissions.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the notice to end tenancy valid?

Is the Landlord entitled to an Order of Possession?

Is the Landlord entitled to the monetary amounts claimed?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on January 1, 2013. Rent of \$1,221.29 is payable in advance on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy, the Landlord collected \$597.50 as a security deposit from the Tenant. The tenancy agreement provides for a

\$25.00 late rent fee. The Tenant failed to pay rent for May 2014 and on May 2, 2014 the Landlord served the Tenant with a 10 day notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent (the "Notice") by posting the Notice on the door. Tenant RC no longer lives in the unit and Tenant JC has not made an application for dispute resolution, has not paid the arrears and has not moved out of the unit. The Landlord claims \$1,372.58 and a late fee of \$25.00.

<u>Analysis</u>

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a 10 notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent (the "Notice") the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears indicated on the Notice or dispute the notice by filing an application for dispute resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If the tenant does neither of these two things, the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice. Section 55 of the Act provides that a landlord may request an order of possession of a rental unit by making an application for dispute resolution where a notice to end the tenancy has been given by the landlord, the tenant has not disputed the Notice by making an application for dispute resolution and the time for making that application has expired.

Based on the Landlord's evidence I find that the Tenant was given a valid Notice, has not filed an application to dispute the Notice and has not paid the outstanding rent. Given these facts, I find that the Landlord is entitled to an **Order of Possession**. I also find that the Landlord has established a monetary claim for \$1,397.58 in unpaid rent and a late fee. The Landlord is entitled to recovery of the \$50.00 filing fee for a total monetary amount of \$1,447.58. Setting the security deposit of \$597.50 plus zero interest off the entitlement leaves \$850.08 owed by the Tenant to the Landlord. As only Tenant JC was served with the application and notice of hearing, I restrict the monetary order to Tenant JC.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the Landlord. The Tenant must be served with this Order of Possession. Should the Tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may

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be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that

Court.

I order that the Landlord retain the deposit and interest of \$597.50 in partial

satisfaction of the claim and I grant the Landlord an order under Section 67 of the Act

for the balance due of \$850.08. If necessary, this order may be filed in the Small

Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: May 14, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch