



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the “*Act*”), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that at 9:40 a.m. on May 7, 2014, the landlord handed the tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant has been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on May 7, 2014.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenant on October 4, 2011, indicating a monthly rent of \$522.00 due on the 1st day of the month; and

- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) handed to the tenant on April 9, 2014, with a stated effective vacancy date of April 19, 2014, for \$1,141.00 in unpaid rent.

Witnessed documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant failed to pay all outstanding rent was served by handing the 10 Day Notice to the tenant at 10:30 a.m. on April 9, 2014. In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the *Act*, the tenant was served with this 10 Day Notice on April 9, 2014, as declared by the landlord.

The landlord's application for dispute resolution provided the following breakdown of the \$1,141.00 identified as owing in the 10 Day Notice. He noted that \$97.00 remained owing from February 2014, and the rent of \$522.00 was owing for both March and April 2014, when he issued the 10 Day Notice. The landlord's application for dispute resolution maintained that the tenant paid \$460.00 on April 11, 2014. The landlord requested a monetary award for the remaining \$681.00 of the \$1,141.00 identified as owing in the landlord's 10 Day Notice.

The 10 Day Notice states that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, April 19, 2014.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary Order of \$681.00, the amount of unpaid rent that remained owing as of April 12, 2014.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a monetary Order in the amount of \$681.00 for rent owing as of April 12, 2014. The landlord is provided with these Orders in the above terms and the tenant must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with these Orders, these Orders may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as Orders of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: May 14, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch

