

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR

Introduction

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to Section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlords for an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order.

The Landlords submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on June 26, 2014, the Landlord AP served the Tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by leaving the Notice with the Tenant at the rental unit. .

Based on the Landlords' written submissions, I find that the Tenant has been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Are the Landlords entitled to an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order for unpaid rent?

Background and Evidence

The Landlords submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the Tenant;
- A copy of the Proof of Service of the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the Landlords on November 10, 2012, and by the Tenant on November 16, 2012, indicating a monthly rent of \$550.00 due on the first day of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on June 10, 2014, with a stated effective vacancy date of June 20, 2014, for \$700.00 in unpaid rent.

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Documentary evidence filed by the Landlords indicates that the Tenant owes \$150.00 rent for the month of May, 2014, and \$550.00 rent for the month of June, 2014. The Landlords' application indicates that the outstanding rent remains unpaid. The documentary evidence indicates that the Landlord PP served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by leaving it personally with the Tenant on June 10, 2014, at 10:00 a.m. The Proof of Service document is signed by a witness.

The Notice states that the Tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The Tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the Tenant was served with Notice to End Tenancy on June 10, 2014.

I accept the evidence before me that the Tenant failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under Section 46 (4) of the Act.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenant is conclusively presumed under Section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on June 20, 2014.

Therefore, I find that the Landlords are entitled to an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order for unpaid rent in the amount of **\$700.00**.

Conclusion

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, I hereby provide the Landlords with an Order of Possession effective **two days after service** of the Order upon the Tenant. This Order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 67 of the Act, I hereby provide the Landlords with a Monetary Order in the amount of **\$700.00** for service upon the Tenant. This Order may be filed in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: July 03, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch