

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes OPR MNR

#### Introduction

This hearing proceeded by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the Act, and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlords for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent and a Monetary Order for unpaid rent.

The Landlords submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on July 18, 2014, at 7:15 p.m. the Landlords personally served the Tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding. Based on the written submissions of the Landlords, I find the Tenant has been sufficiently served with the Dispute Resolution Direct Request Proceeding documents.

## Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the Landlord entitled to an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order pursuant to section 55 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*?

#### Background and Evidence

I have carefully reviewed the following evidentiary material submitted by the Landlord:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the Tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by all parties for a month to month tenancy that began on January 15, 2013, for the monthly rent of \$1,250.00 which is payable on the first of each month;
- A notation that indicates the Tenant made payments of \$900.00 leaving a balance owing of \$350.00; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on, July 5, 2014, with an effective vacancy date of July 15, 2014, due to \$1,250.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the Landlords indicates that the Tenant was personally served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent on July 5, 2014. The Tenant signed the proof of service document acknowledging receipt of the 10 Day Notice.

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#### <u>Analysis</u>

**Order of Possession -** I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the Tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the Landlords. The notice was received by the Tenant on July 5, 2014, and the effective date of the notice is July 15, 2014, pursuant to section 46 of the *Act*. I accept the evidence before me that the Tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice and I hereby grant the Landlords an Order of Possession.

**Monetary Order** – The evidence supports that the Tenant has failed to pay rent in accordance with section 26 of the Act which stipulates that a tenant must pay rent when it is due under the tenancy agreement. As per the aforementioned I find the Landlords have met the burden of proof and I award them a Monetary Order for July 2014 unpaid rent of **\$350.00**.

## Conclusion

The Landlords have been granted an Order of Possession effective **Two (2) Days after service upon the Tenant.** This Order is legally binding and must be served upon the Tenant. In the event that the Tenant does not comply with this Order it may be filed with the Province of British Columbia Supreme Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

The Landlords have been awarded a Monetary Order in the amount of \$350.00. This Order is legally binding and must be served upon the Tenant. In the event that the Tenant does not comply with this Order it may be filed with the Province of British Columbia Small Claims Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: July 25, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch