

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## DECISION

Dispute codes OP MNR MNSD FF

## Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order allowing retention of the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. The hearing was conducted by conference call. The landlord called in and participated in the hearing. The tenant did not appear although he was personally served with the Application for Dispute Resolution and Notice of Hearing at the rental unit on November 21, 2014.

## Issues

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order? Is the landlord entitled to an order allowing retention of the security deposit?

## Background and Evidence

This tenancy began on April 1, 2014. The rent is \$750.00 due in advance on the first day of each month. The tenant paid a security deposit of \$375.00 at the start of the tenancy. The tenant did not pay rent for September, October or November when it was due. On November 3, 2014 the landlord personally served the tenant with a Notice to End Tenancy for non-payment of rent. The tenant has not paid rent for September, October, November or for December and he did not file an application to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy.

#### <u>Analysis</u>

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a Notice to End Tenancy for nonpayment of rent the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears indicated on the Notice or dispute the notice by filing an Application for Dispute Resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If, as in the present case, the tenant does neither of these two things, the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

#### **Conclusion**

*Order of Possession* - Based on the above background, evidence and analysis I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. This order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

*Monetary Order and Security Deposit* - I find that the landlord has established a total monetary claim of \$3,000.00 for the outstanding rent for September, October, November and December. The landlord is entitled to recover the \$50.00 filing fee for this application for a total award of \$3,050.00. I order that the landlord retain the security deposit of \$375.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$2,675.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: December 17, 2014

Residential Tenancy Branch