



# Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding CONCERT REALTY LTD.  
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes            MNR

### Introduction

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for a monetary order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on August 22, 2014 the landlord served the tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by personal delivery. Section 90 of the Act determines that the document is deemed to have been served the same day as personal delivered or on August 22, 2014.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, I find that the tenant has been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent?

### Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Proceeding for the tenant;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the parties on February 23, 2013, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,400.00 due in advance of the 1st day of the month; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent which was issued on August 7, 2014 with a stated effective vacancy date of August 20, 2014, for \$1,400.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the tenant has failed to pay rent owed and was served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by posting the Notice on the

door of the Tenant's rental unit on August 7, 2014. The Proof of Service of the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy is supported by a witness signature. The Act deems the tenant was served on August 10, 2014, three days after posting the notice on the door.

The Notice states that the tenant had five days to pay the rent or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end. The tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy within five days from the date of service.

### Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and accept that the tenant has been served with notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord.

The notice is deemed to have been received by the tenant on August 10, 2014.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of possession and a monetary Order for unpaid rent. The Landlord indicated the Tenant has moved out so the Landlord does not require the Order of Possession.

### Conclusion

I find that the landlord is entitled to monetary compensation pursuant section 67 in the amount of **\$1,400.00** rent owed and I grant an Order in that amount. This Order must be served on the tenant and may be filed in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: December 23, 2014

---

Residential Tenancy Branch

