

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Valley Realty and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR MNR

Introduction

This matter was conducted by way of Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the Act). The landlord applied for an order of possession and a monetary order for unpaid rent.

The landlord submitted two signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding documents, which declare that on January 16, 2015 the landlord served the tenants with notice of the direct request proceeding by registered mail. Section 90 of the Act states that a document is deemed to have been served five days after mailing.

Based on the landlord's written submissions, I find that the tenants have been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent?

Background and Evidence

The Landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- a copy of a residential tenancy agreement, signed by the tenants and the landlord on November 15, 2013, indicating a monthly rent of \$1150 due on the first of each month;
- a copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities, issued on January 5, 2015, with an effective vacancy date of January 18, 2015, for failure to pay rent in the amount of \$1150 that was due on January 1, 2015;
- a copy of the Proof of Service of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities, showing that the tenant was served the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent by attaching the notice to the rental unit door on January 5, 2015; and
- a copy of the Landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution, filed January 16, 2015.

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Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and I accept that the tenants have been served with the notice to end tenancy as declared by the landlord. The notice is deemed to have been

received by the tenants on January 8, 2015.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the Act. I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed

under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of

the notice.

I therefore find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession and a monetary order for

unpaid rent in the amount of \$1150.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenants. The tenants must be served with the order of possession. Should the tenants fail to comply with the

order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order

of that Court.

As for the monetary order, I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of

\$1150. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that

Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy

Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: January 22, 2015

Residential Tenancy Branch