



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes ET, FF

Introduction

This hearing was convened as the result of the landlord's application for dispute resolution under the Residential Tenancy Act (the "Act") seeking an order ending the tenancy earlier than the tenancy would end if a notice to end the tenancy were given under section 47 of the Act and for recovery of the filing fee paid for this application.

The parties appeared each representative submitted some of their respective positions, and agreed to resolve this matter by mutual settlement.

Settled Agreement

The landlord and tenant agreed to a mutual settlement under the following terms and conditions:

1. The tenants agree to vacate the rental unit by 1:00 p.m. on May 31, 2015;
2. The tenants understand the landlord will be issued an order of possession for the rental unit, based upon the settled agreement, and that if the tenants fail to vacate the rental unit by 1:00 p.m., on May 31, 2015, the landlord may serve the order of possession on the tenants in order to ensure vacant possession; and
3. The parties acknowledge their understanding that this settled Decision resolves the matters contained in the landlord's application and that no finding is made on the merits of the said application for dispute resolution.

Conclusion

The landlord and the tenants have reached a settled agreement.

Based upon the settled agreement as outlined above, I provide the landlord with an order of possession for the rental unit in the event the tenants fail to vacate the rental unit by May 31, 2015, at 1:00 p.m.

The order of possession is enclosed with the landlord's Decision. This order is a legally binding, final order, and may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia for enforcement as an order of that Court should it become necessary.

This settlement agreement was reached in accordance with section 63 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*. The parties are bound by the terms of this agreement, as well as by the terms of their tenancy agreement and the Act. Should either party violate the terms of this settled agreement, the tenancy agreement or the Act, it is open to the other party to take steps under the Act to seek remedy.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: May 8, 2015

Residential Tenancy Branch

