

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR

<u>Introduction</u>

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on May 21, 2015, the landlord sent the tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant has been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on May 26, 2015, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenants;
- A copy of a demand letter from the landlord to the tenant, dated March 05, 2015, requesting payment of utility bills in the amount of \$260.00;

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- A copy of a tenant rent history showing the utilities owing and paid during this tenancy;
- Eight copies of utility bills from Fortis BC spanning the rental period from November 2014 to June 2015;
- Four copies of utility bills from BC Hydro spanning the rental period from October 2014 to May 2015;
- A copy of a tenant rent history showing the rent owing and paid during this tenancy;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenant on September 15, 2014, indicating a monthly rent of \$850.00 due on the first day of the month for a tenancy commencing on September 20, 2014;
- A Monetary Order Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during this tenancy; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated May 10, 2015, and personally handed to the tenant on May 10, 2015, with a stated effective vacancy date of May 20, 2015, for \$850.00 in unpaid rent and \$695.00 in unpaid utilities.

Witnessed documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the 10 Day Notice was personally handed to the tenant at 11:00 a.m. on May 10, 2015. The 10 Day Notice states that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with section 88 of the *Act,* I find that the tenant was duly served with the 10 Day Notice on May 10, 2015.

I find that the tenant was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$850.00 and 1/3 of the BC Hydro/Fortis BC utility bills, as per the tenancy agreement.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent and utilities owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that 5 day period

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Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, May 20, 2015.

Section 46 (6) of the *Act* allows the landlord to treat the unpaid utilities as unpaid rent, 30 days after the tenant is given a written demand for them. I find that the amount of utilities shown as owed on the 10 Day Notice exceeds the amount shown on the written demand letter in the landlord's evidence submissions.

For this reason, I dismiss the portion of the landlord's monetary claim for unpaid utilities, with leave to reapply.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary Order in the amount of \$850.00, the amount of rent claimed by the landlord, for unpaid rent owing for May 2015 as of May 22, 2015.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a monetary Order in the amount of \$850.00 for rent owed for May 2015. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and the tenants must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenants fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

I dismiss the monetary portion of the landlord's application concerning unpaid utilities, with leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: May 27, 2015