

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPC & FF

## Introduction

A hearing was conducted by conference call in the presence of a representative of the applicant and in the absence of the respondents although duly served. On the basis of the solemnly affirmed evidence presented at that hearing, a decision has been reached. All of the evidence was carefully considered.

I find that the one month Notice to End Tenancy was sufficiently served on the Tenants by posting on May 11, 2015. Further I find that the Application for Dispute Resolution/Notice of Hearing was sufficiently served on the Tenants by mailing, by registered mail to where the tenants reside on June 5, 2015. With respect to each of the applicant's claims I find as follows:

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are as follows:

- a. Whether the landlord is entitled to an Order for Possession?
- b. Whether the landlord is entitled to recover the cost of the filing fee?

### Background and Evidence

The parties entered into a written tenancy agreement that provided that the tenancy would start on July 1, 2013. The rent is \$1250 per month payable on the first day of each month. The tenants paid a security deposit of \$625 at the start of the tenancy. The tenant(s) failed to pay the rent for the months of June and July. The tenant(s) continue to reside in the rental unit.

# Analysis - Order of Possession:

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I determined the landlord was entitled to an Order for Possession. The landlord

sufficiently served a one month Notice to End Tenancy on the tenants on May 11, 2015.

The Tenant(s) have not made an application to set aside the Notice to End Tenancy

and the time to do so has expired. In such situations the Residential Tenancy Act

provides the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ends

on the effective date of the notice, and must vacate the rental unit by that date. The

tenants have not paid the rent for June and July. Accordingly, I granted the landlord an

Order for Possession on 2 days notice...

The tenant must be served with this Order as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail

to comply with this Order, the landlord may register the Order with the Supreme Court of

British Columbia for enforcement.

I further order that the tenants pay to the landlord the sum of \$50 for the cost of the filing

fee.

It is further Ordered that this sum be paid forthwith. The applicant is given a formal

Order in the above terms and the respondent must be served with a copy of this Order

as soon as possible. Should the respondent fail to comply with this Order, the Order

may be filed in the Small Claims division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an

Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: July 21, 2015

Residential Tenancy Branch