

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNR

<u>Introduction</u>

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a Monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on September 15, 2015, the landlord served the tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by personally leaving it with Person C.B., an adult who apparently resides with the tenant. The landlord had a witness sign the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to confirm this service. Based on the written submission of the landlord and in accordance with section 89(2), I find that the tenant has been duly served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on September 15, 2015, the day it was personally served to Person C.B.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

 A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenant;

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- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord on February 03, 2013, and the tenant on February 05, 2013, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,900.00, due on the first day of the month for a tenancy commencing on February 01, 2013;
- A Monetary Order Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during this tenancy; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated September 02, 2015, and left with Person C.B., an adult who apparently resides with the tenant on September 02, 2015, with a stated effective vacancy date of September 11, 2015, for \$3,800.00 in unpaid rent and \$406.00 in unpaid utilities.

Witnessed documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the 10 Day Notice was left with Person C.B., an adult who apparently resides with the tenant, at 2:00 p.m. on September 02, 2015. The landlord has indicated in the Special Details section of the Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy that Person C.B. is the live in partner of the tenant. The 10 Day Notice states that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with section 88 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant was duly served with the 10 Day Notice on September 02, 2015.

I find that the tenant was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,900.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that 5 day period

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the corrected effective date of the 10 Day Notice, September 12, 2015.

In this type of matter, the landlord must prove they served the tenants with the Notice of Direct Request proceeding with all the required inclusions as indicated on the Notice as per Section 89 of the *Act*.

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Section 89(1) of the Act does not allow for the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to

be left with an adult who resides with the tenant.

Section 89(2) of the Act does allow for the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to be

left with an adult who resides with the tenant, only when considering an Order of

Possession for the landlord.

I find that the landlord has served the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to Person

C.B., an adult who resides with the tenant, and for this reason the monetary portion of

landlord's application is dismissed with leave to reapply.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent

owing for August 2015 and September 2015 as of September 15, 2015.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective two days after service of this

Order on the tenant. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may

be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

I dismiss the landlord's application for a monetary Order, with leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: September 21, 2015

Residential Tenancy Branch