



# Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes      OPR MNR MNDC FF

### Introduction

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord for an order of possession, a monetary order and an order allowing retention of the security deposit in partial satisfaction of the claim. The hearing was conducted by conference call. The landlord called in and participated in the hearing. The tenant did not appear although he was served with the Application for Dispute Resolution and Notice of Hearing by registered mail delivered in person on December 1, 2015.

### Issues

Is the party entitled to the requested orders?

### Background and Evidence

This tenancy began on October 22, 2015. The rent is \$500 per month. The tenant paid \$200 for the period from October 22 to 31. The tenant paid a security deposit of \$250.00 at the start of the tenancy. The tenant did not pay any rent on November 1<sup>st</sup>. On November 23, 2015 the landlord served the tenant with a Notice to End Tenancy for non-payment of rent by delivering it personally to the tenant. The Notice indicated that the tenant owed \$500.00 in rent but the tenant did not pay that amount. Rather, the tenant paid the sum of \$280.00. The tenant has not paid rent for December or January and he did not file an application to dispute the Notice to End Tenancy.

### Analysis

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a Notice to End Tenancy for non-payment of rent the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears indicated on the Notice or dispute the notice by filing an Application for Dispute Resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If, as in the present case, the tenant does neither of these two things, the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice.

Conclusion

*Order of Possession* - Based on the above background, evidence and analysis I find that the landlord is entitled to an order of possession effective two days after service on the tenant. This order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

*Monetary Order and Security Deposit* - I find that the landlord has established a total monetary claim of \$1220.00 for the outstanding rent for November, December & January. The landlord is entitled to recover the \$50.00 filing fee for this application for a total award of \$1270.00. I order that the landlord retain the deposit and interest (\$0.00) of \$250.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the landlord an order under section 67 for the balance due of \$1020.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 25, 2016

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Residential Tenancy Branch

