



Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR, MNR

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the “*Act*”), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a monetary Order.

The landlord submitted two signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding forms which declare that on March 18, 2016, the landlord’s agent “LS” served each of the above-named tenants with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding via registered mail. The landlord provided two copies of the Canada Post Customer Receipts containing the Tracking Numbers to confirm these mailings. Section 90 of the *Act* determines that a document served in this manner is deemed to have been received five days after service.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenants have been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on March 23, 2016, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- Two copies of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenants;

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord's agent and the tenants on August 21, 2015, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,500.00 due on the first day of the month for a tenancy commencing on September 01, 2015. The tenancy agreement includes an addendum which indicates that the landlord has an arrangement with a provincial housing commission with respect to subsidized housing, and that for eligible tenants, a tenant rent contribution is calculated;
- A letter dated August 24, 2015, which demonstrates that the most recent calculation of the tenant rent contribution for the tenant "CB" established that effective October 01, 2015, the tenant's rent contribution was set at \$599.00, which effectively establishes that the tenants owe a monthly amount of \$599.00 per month toward the total rent owed under the tenancy agreement;
- A copy of a rental ledger which establishes the payments received and outstanding balance with respect to the tenancy;
- A Monetary Order Worksheet showing the rent owing during the portion of this tenancy in question, on which the landlord establishes a monetary claim in the amount of \$599.00 for outstanding rent, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owing for the month of March 2016;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the Notice) dated March 02, 2016, which the landlord states was served to the tenants on March 02, 2016, for \$599.00 in unpaid rent due on March 01, 2016, with a stated effective vacancy date of March 15, 2016; and
- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice showing that the landlord's agent "XW" served the Notice to the tenants by way of posting it to the door of the rental unit on March 02, 2016. The Proof of Service establishes that the service was witnessed by "JL" and a signature for "JL" is included on the form.

The Notice restates section 46(4) of the Act which provides that the tenants had five days to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the effective date of the Notice. The tenants did not apply to dispute the Notice within five days from the date of service and the landlord alleged that the tenants did not pay the rental arrears.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence provided by the landlord. Section 90 of the Act provides that because the Notice was served by posting the Notice to the door of the rental unit, the tenants are deemed to have received the Notice three days after its posting. In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the Act, I find that the tenants are deemed to have received the Notice on March 05, 2016, three days after its posting.

I find that the tenants were obligated to pay a monthly amount of \$599.00 in the form of a tenant rent contribution, as established in the August 24, 2015 letter which established the tenant's rent contribution. I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay outstanding rental arrears in the amount of \$599.00, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owing for the month of March 2016. I find that the tenants received the Notice on March 05, 2016. I accept the landlord's undisputed evidence and find that the tenants did not pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act* and did not apply to dispute the Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice, March 15, 2016.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary Order of \$599.00, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owing for the month of March 2016.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant(s). Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a monetary Order in the amount of \$599.00, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owing for the month of March 2016. The landlord is provided with these Orders in the above terms and the tenant(s) must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with these Orders, these Orders may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as Orders of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 24, 2016

Residential Tenancy Branch

