



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Golden Sun Trading Company  
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes      OPR, MNR, MNSD, FF

### Introduction

This hearing was convened in response to an application by the Landlord pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the “Act”) for Orders as follows:

1. An Order of Possession - Section 55;
2. A Monetary Order for unpaid rent - Section 67;
3. An Order to retain the security deposit - Section 38;
4. An Order to recover the filing fee for this application - Section 72.

I accept the Landlord’s evidence that the Tenant was served with the application for dispute resolution and notice of hearing by registered mail in accordance with Section 89 of the Act. The Tenant did not participate in the conference call hearing. The Landlord was given full opportunity to be heard, to present evidence and to make submissions.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the Landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Is the Landlord entitled to unpaid rent?

Is the Landlord entitled to recovery of the filing fee?

### Background and Evidence

The tenancy started on January 15, 2016 on a fixed term to end July 31, 2016. At the end of the term the Tenant is required to move out of the unit. Rent of \$695.00 is payable on the first day of each month. At the outset of the tenancy the Landlord

collected \$350 as a security deposit. The Tenants owed arrears of \$95.00 and failed to pay rent for June 2016. On June 10, 2016 the Landlord served the Tenant with a 10 day notice to end the tenancy for unpaid rent (the "Notice"). The Tenant did not dispute the Notice, has not paid the arrears or July 2016 rent and has not moved out of the unit.

### Analysis

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a 10 notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears indicated on the notice or dispute the notice by filing an application for dispute resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If the tenant does neither of these two things, the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice. Based on the undisputed evidence of the Landlord I find that the Landlord gave the Tenants the Notice and the Tenants did not dispute the Notice. As a result I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession.

Based on the undisputed evidence of the terms of rent payable and the evidence of unpaid rent, I find that the Landlord is entitled to unpaid rent of \$1,485.00. As the Landlord has been successful with its application I find that the Landlord is also entitled to recovery of the \$100.00 filing fee for a total entitlement of \$1,585.00. Deducting the security deposit plus zero interest of \$350.00 leaves **\$1,235.00** owed by the Tenants to the Landlord.

### Conclusion

**I grant** an Order of Possession to the Landlord. The Tenant must be served with this **Order of Possession**. Should the Tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

**I order** that the Landlord retain the **deposit** and interest of \$350.00 in partial satisfaction of the claim and I grant the Landlord an order under Section 67 of the Act

for the balance due of **\$1,235.00**. If necessary, this order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 02, 2016

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Residential Tenancy Branch